J. L. N. HUNT RE-ELECTED.

A SURPRISE FOR A. L. SANGER.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION

CHOSEN ON THE FIRST BALLOT. The hot contest over the presidincy of the Board of Education, which has been waged for several weeks ended yesterday with the re-election of J. L. N. Hunt. Contrary to the expectation of the majority of the members, and especially to the friends of Adolph L. Sanger, the principal opponent of Mr. Hunt, only one ballot was necessary for the election. Up to the time of balloting, Commissioner Sanger was convinced that he had at least ten votes, and possibly eleven. In his estimates he had counted upon the votes of the new Commissioners, Crosby, Knox and Wehrum, who voted, however, for the successful candidate.

After the meeting had been called to order, some consternation was caused in the camp of the follower of Commissioner Sanger by the discovery that Commissioner Strauss, an advocate of Mr. Sanger's election, was not present. and the Board took a recess for balf an bour. Upon the arrival of Commissioner Strauss, Compilssioner Hoyt called for nominations. Commissioner Gerard named Mr. Hunt, and Commissioner O'Brien named commutations were then closed, and Commissioners Hubbelt and Moriarty were appointed

They announced, after the ballot, that 11 votes had been east for Mr. Hunt, 7 for Mr. Sanger, and 1 for Mr. Lummis, and that 1 had been blank. Mr. Hunt was then declared president of the Board, and orted to the chair by Mr. sanger and Mr. Gerard. In a graceful speech, he thanked the Commassioners for the compliment they had paid him and pledged himself anew to do his duty and to give his best efforts to the interests of the schools.

As his first duty under his new term of office, Mr. Hunt called for nominations for clerk of the Board. Arthur McMullen, who has been the efficient clerk of the Board for a number of years, was nominated again by Commissioner Sanger. No other nomination was made and Mr. McMullen was elected unanimously. The nominations for the office of auditor of the

Board, now occupied by Colonel George W. Balch, were postponed, as a resolution was introduced by Commissioner Lummis for the abolition of the office. The question will be decided at the meeting next The question of the appointment of a trustee in the

Tenth Ward was the most important business considered by the new Board. Samuel F. Spencer is a candidate succeed himself, while the Committee on Nomination of Trustees has recommended another man. The Board voted to send the matter back to the committee, which will again make a report at the next meeting. Dr. John L. N. Hunt, who was elected president for

br. Jogh L. N. Hunt, who was elected president for tige third time yesterday, has had a wide experience in educational affairs. He is a graduate of the Nor-mal School of Ohio, of Bethany College, W. Va., and also of the University of the City of New-York. He was graduated from the Normal School in 1858. During his junior and senior years he acted as a pupil-teacher. At fiethany he received the highest honors of his class. In 1866 that college conferred upon him the honorary degree of LL. D. Bethany he acted as tutor in English, Latin and Greek, and as adjunct professor of mathematics. He

Greek, and as adjunct professor of mathematics. He retained the latter place until he was chosen professor of ancient languages and pedagogy, and vice-principal of the Normal School of Onio.

From 1867 to 1881 Dr. Hunt was superintendent of Packard's Business College of this City. In 1871 he founded the Collegiate Training School of New York. In 1869 Dr. Hunt was graduated from the law department of the University of the City of New York. He began the practice of his profession in 1878. In 1888, Mayor Rewitt appointed aim a School Commissioner. He has been an active member of the Board ever since that time.

ANNOYED BY A PERSISTENT SUITOR.

BE FOLLOWED A GIRL FROM PHILADELPHIA THREATENED TO SHOOT HER.

Mary Hewlitt is a golden-haired, blue-eved girl of Philadelphia, who is said to have amassed a fortur in the clothing business. For some time she has been noyed by Edward L. Murphy, twenty-three year old, also of Philadelphia. He is said to have known Miss Hewitt many years and to have conceived a passionate admiration for her. He has poured out his words of affection for her personally and by letter. It is also said that a month ago he called at her home in Philadelphia, and threatened to kill her if she did not marry him. He was driven from the house and her parents sent her to Nynck, Rockland County, to escape

She arrived in Nyack just before Christmas and has since been at the home of her second consin. James P. McQuade, the subway contractor. The McQuades have lived in Nyack two years, and occupy the cottage of the late General Abram Merritt, in First-ave. Miss Hewitt's visit was a happy one until Tuesday, when Murphy appeared in Nyack. He went to Nyack of Monday night and registered at Halloway's Hotel as "E. L. Edwards, Easton, of Byrnes's Detective Staff," He then learned where the McQuades lived and sent a letter to Miss Hewitt asking her to meet him on certain corner. The girl at once informed Mrs. Mc Cuade, who immediately telegraph d to her husband and

to the Hewitts at Philadelphia.
On Tuesday morning while Mrs. McQuade was sitting in the nursery she saw Murphy gazing in at the window. Later, while she was at the telegraph office, Murphy succeeded in gaining admission house and Miss Hewitt saw him, hoping to pacify him and drive him away. He had procured the services of ex-Officer McNicholl as a protection and is said to have told McNicholl that the girl was his wife and that she was detained against her will. Murphy told every one he met he was a detective and aslo exhibited must choose between him or her parents or he would kill her. When he left her he said she would soon hear from him again and must have her answer ready

enred a warrant from Justice Tompkins for Murphy's Tuesday night Mr. and Mrs. Hewlit reached Nyack Tuesday right ar, and Mrs. Hewitt reached Synca from Philadelphia, and the 10:45 p. m. train carried them back, with their daughter. At the McQuade home yesterday a member of the family substantiated the story about Murphy's attentions to Miss Hewitt, her seeking a refuge in Nyack and his annoying conduct about the house.

Nyack on the 3 o'clock train for New York.

TROUBLES OF BUSINESS MEN.

The Jonson Foundry and Machine Company, East One-hundred-and-eighteenth-st., is reported in financial difficulties and Julius Elson, the treasurer, has been appointed receiver on the application of Julius Jonson the president. The company some time ago entered the field as a competitor for naval shipbuilding and did considerable work for the Government on the boat Axalia. The nominal assets are reported to be about 75,000, while the liabilities are about \$50,000. company was principally owned by Messrs. Jonson on. They expect to reorganize it.

Ernest G. Stedman has been appointed receiver, in applementary proceedings, for Theodore F. Baldwin, dealer in trunks at No. 981 Broadway, on the ap-plication of W. H. Baldwin.

H. G. TORREY CORRECTS A MISTAKE-

The sessions of the Presbytery of Morris and Orange in the trial of the Rev. Arthur Cushing Dill, who has con extremely difficult for the reporters to obtain ect reports of the proceedings, as the information had to come from those who were inside at the time.

A part of the testimony of Herbert Gray Torrey,

Fortist States Assayer in New-York, given on Tuesday, according to Mr. Torrey's statement, reached the reporters in a mutilated form. In correction, Mr.

It is reported that I testified that Mr. Dill had refused to administer the Lord's supper to my wife. This matter did not come up in any form in my ony, or in the cross-examination. In reference to the statement printed that I and my family objected when Mr. Dill wished to baptize and admit to membership a young girl because she was born out

strong nerves in sneering at those with weak ones. The irritability of the nervous hypochendriac is ridiculed as natural iii temper. The very genuine and distressing symptoms from which he suffers are made light of. "He" or "she is a crank!" is the cheerful sort of sympathy with which the nervous invalid meets from the unfeeling and thoughtiess. At the same time no complaint is more de-fined and real, none has a more easily explainable origin en it is chronic. Imperfect digestion and assimilation are always accompanied by nervous debility and anxiety Iostetter's Stomach Bitters, and nervous symptoms, sick headaches and a generally feeble condition of the system are remedied. Remember that ftarful ravages are produced by la grippe among weakly, nervous people. Hostetter's la grippe among weakly, nervous people. Hostetter's much Bitters cures it, and prevents malaria, rheumatism

of wedlock, the fact is that the 'young girl' is a year-old haby, whose grandmother wished to have it baptized, and I spoke not against, but strongly it favor of, admitting it to the sacrament without com-

In the report printed it is stated that I at first "In the report printed it is stated that I at first denied and afterward admitted that before the trial of my lovys for he white Cap fromble I had gone to the office of the defendant's brother. James B. Dill. a lawyer, of New York, and said to him that if the defendant would withdraw his charges against the boys, I would abanden the charges against the young minister. What I did testify was that I had said that if he would cause his brother to leave the town in ten days, and deed back the property which he had obtained, to this Boyle, and stop the proceedings again, I the boys. I would use my influence to stop proceedings against him, and would do nothing detrimental in him in any place where he should move."

THEY WILL APPLY TO THE COURTS.

RAPID TRANSIT COMMISSIONERS FIND IT HARD TO OBTAIN CONSENTS.

The members of the Rapid Transit Commisthe meeting yesterday, sent a letter to the property Madison-ave. who protested against the use of that street for the proposed rallway, saying that, in accordance with the advice of their counsel, they had no right to change the route.

morrow to designate six newspapers for the publication ourts for the appointment of three referces to decide presented to the court, the reasons for this that they have secured more than 300 consents from property holders, representing property valued at property holders, representing property valued at \$52,613,380. The appraised value of the entire prop-erty along the route of the proposed road is about \$140,127,734. They attribute the failure to secure more consents to various reasons. Many of the property holders, they say, cannot be reached, as they are in distant parts of the world.

After the appointment of the referees by the court they will examine into the necessity of building the proposed road. If the referees report in favor of the report will be taken in Beau of the consent of the property holders.

PROPOSING A BIG SHIP CANAL.

THE BOARD OF TRALE AT ITS ANNUAL MEETING FAVORS A PRELIMINARY SURVEY.

The New-York Board of Trade took up for discus a proposed ship canal to connect New-York Harbor and Philadelphia merchants, headed by Lewis M. Haupt, of the University of Pennsylvania, came over to urge the The visitors were, besides Professor Haupt W. W. Foulkrod, William H. Follwell, Charles schwartz, William M. Ayres and Thomas Martindale. Mr. Martindale after outlining the plan and explaining the benefits which he believed would follow the completton of such a canal, surrendered the floor to Proessor Haupt, who went into a detailed account of the

"The opening of a twenty-foot channel across New Jersey would treble the shore line south from New York to South Carolina and bring into much closes commercial relations the most populous productiv would reduce the price of fuel, building materials with these waters, but especially in New-York, where The commerce of the Delaware is greater than that of the Hudson by nearly 2,000,000 tons, and the York in much less time and at less cost and risk, with consequent lower rates for insurance, than by the Capes of the Delaware. The plan provides for a horter than the Delaware and Raritan. There would estimated to be minety feet at bottom, 150 at the sur-face and twenty feet deep, with locks 500 by 60 feet. The total distance would be about ninety miles from New-York to Philadelphia-thus connecting by the

New York to Thindeiphia—thas connecting by the cheapest known method of communication the most populous centres of the United States—att an estimated cost for the entire line of \$12,500,000.

Erastus Winan spode in Javor of the project, and introduced a resolution urging congress to include in the River and Harbor Bill an appropriation of \$25,000, to be expended by a commission appointed by the Governors of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, The duty of this commission would be to make a preliminary survey of the route, and report thereon to Congress. The resolution was adopted.

The following were elected directors: John H. Sprague, Charles Andrias, George Slivet, William H. Webb, William H. Whey, Ambross Snow, Darwin R. James, Francis B. Thurber, Simon Sterne, Patrick Farrelly, John C. Cook, Ferdinand P. Earle, William B. Marvel, Thomas White, James H. Seymour, William H. Henry Arnoux, Morris S. Whe, James T. Young, G. Waldo Smith, George L. Pease, Jeremlah Fitzparick, James Talcott, William B. Parsons, Alonzo T. Decker, Orlando B. Potter, Lloyd I. Scathan, Aaron Vanderbilt, Hervey C. Calkin, William Brookfield, Frank O. Herring, John H. Washburn, Edwin A. McAlpin, Seth E. Thomas, Oscar S. Straus, Thomas F. Main, Elias S. A. de Lima.

Count C. Clanner Von Rosen, of Stockholm, Sweden he styles himself, who was arraigned on Sunday in charge of swindling Martin Suva, of 408 Thirdave, out of \$35 by means of a bogm bond of the ave., out of \$55 by means of a nogas point of the Hinois Building and Loan Association, was ar-raignd for examination in the Yorkville Court yesterday afternoon, J. E. Morey, a banker and bröker, of No. 140 Southest, Philadelphia, who has a branch office at No. 99 Nassau-st., this city, appeared in court as the cousin of the genuine the prisoner, and doubted if he was in any way re-lated to the Von Rosens. He produced several photographs of prominent stockholm people and members of his own family and asked if the posioner knew them. The hitter studied them carefully and finelly identified cor-rectly two of the linenesses. Still Morey believed him to be a Frand. Justice Ryan held him in \$500 bail for Speckal Session on charge of petty larceny.

The steamship Augusta Victoria, of the Hamburg American Line, will leave Hamburg on February 10 on an excursion to the Mediterranean. This is the second excursion trap which the Augusta Victoria has made. Her first one was a great success. The ex-cursion will last about two months, and the ship will touch at Gibraltar, Nice, Afaccio, Alexandria, Jaffa. Smyrna, Constantinople, Athens, Malta, Syrucuse, Palermo, Naples, Algers and Liston. At Alexandria the people who are on the excursion will have a chance to visit Cairo and the Pyramids. At Jaffa a stop will be made to accommodate those who wish to trid Jerusalem. The Augusta Victoria will stop on her way out at Southampton to take on the Americans and English who wish to join the party.

WORK OF THE PARK BOARD.

Plans and specifications connected with the emptying of the lower lake in Central Park, preparatory to cleansing it and lining it with asphalt, were requested by the Park Board yesterday from Chief Engineer Kellogg. Bids for doing the work before spring will be advertised for. Commissioner Dana suggested that the question as to what final disposition of Castle the question as to what hast disposition of Castle Garden should be made be laid over until after the Legislature had considered the proposed bill making an appropriation. In the meantime the Naval Reserve can continue to use the building as an armory. The proposition was accepted. Having gone into executive session the Commission-ers decided that the site for the Columbus memorial statue should be the plaza at Fifth-ave, and One-hundred-and-tenth-st.

NAVAL NOTES OF INTEREST.

The torpedo boat Cushing, which has been put in ommission at the Torpedo Station, Newport, will probably arrive here to-day and have her launching tubes fitted for the further tests of the new automobile torpedoes invented by Captain John A. Howell, of the

has her repairs completed she will go to sea with the Board of Inspection and Survey, for a trial of speed, turning trials, routine drills, general target Orders were received from Washington at the Navy put her in commission as a training vessel in case the Miantonomoh is ordered to join the North Atlantic

" DIVE" KEEPERS RELEASED ON BAIL.

The cleven "dive"-keepers who were arrested on Tues day night, were brought down to the General Sessions Building yesterday to give bail. Judge Martine required \$1,000 in each case. The prisoners found satisfactory bondsmen as follows: "Tom" Gould, of Siath-ave. and \$1,000 in each case. The prisoners found satisfactory bondsmen as follows: "Tom" Gould, of Sixth-ave, and Twenty-third-st., bondsman, Erastus Crawford, of No. 220 West Twenty-eighth-st. Thomas McCormick, No. 523 Sixth-ave., bondsman, Er. stus Crawford; John Kelly, No. 529 Sixth-ave., bondsman, Erastus Crawford; Paul McCar-thy, No. 327 Bowery, bondsmen, Adolph and Cells Schles. inger, No. 155 Park Row: William alias Carey Welch, No. 117 Fourth-ave., same bondsmen; James Lynch, of No. 245 Second-ave., bondsmen, Peter McGinn, No. 430 Seventh. ave.: George C. Smith, of No. 197 Bowers, bondsman Charles Raab, No. 125 Canal St.: Louis Walters, of No. 286 Bowery, boadsman, Charles Raab: John H. McGuire, No. 358 Bowery, boadsman, Charles Raab: John J. McAleer, No. 250 Bowery, bondsman, Stophen G. Quirk, No. 245 Spring-st.; and Daniel Scribner, No. 1,347 Breadway, bondsman, James Menair, No. 206 West Thirty-third-st. The men will probably be arraigned for pleading to-day.

THE COURTS.

MYSTERY ABOUT THE STROBEL CASE. SOME PAY HE IS INSANE, AND OTHERS BAY HE

A good deal of mystery seems to surround old ohn Strobel, on whose behalf Dr. Lawrence Johnson sked for and received from Justice Barrell, in the suprane Court, an order appointing a commission to inquire into his mental condition. Justice Barrett moned. Peter P. Brady addressed the that Mr. strobel was perfectly sane. Mr. Strobel owns the fine apertment houses at Nos. 328 to 336 West Forty-eighth-st., and is said to have property in California and Germany. His wife died on January 1 last, and he now has no relatives or intimate friends Brady declared that the neighbors had told him that o one was allowed to see Mr. Strabel, although a

Arrow-mith, of Jerolomon & Arrowsmith, said made. Dr. Johnson, he sidd, had attended Mrs. Strobel when she died. After her death some people came to the house and declared that they were the agents for Mr. Strobel's houses, and they discharged Dr. Crosby also came and wrote : letter to Dr. Johnson, saying that hereafter he would he need not call any more. Mr. Johnson consulted Dr. Carlos Macdonald, of the State Lunacy Commission, and Dr. Macdonald told him that if Mr. Strobel were insane it was his clear duty to put the matter

Ex-Judge Michael C. Gross said that he had formerly been Mr. Strobel's counsel and had in fact transacted been Mr. Strober's counsel and more in the his last legal business. Why he had not been sent for in this emergency he did not know, unless his client was incapable of doing so in consequence of his mental condition. He also asked for an adjournment that he might see Mr. Strobel. The commission adjourned the case until 4:30 p. m., to-morrow, and in the meantime Dr. Elliott, of the commission, will personally call on Mr. Strobel.

THE STOKES MACKAY SUIT. INCIDENTS OF AN OLD TELEGRAPH WAR RE-CALLED.

suit of E. S. Stokes against John W. Mackay and Hector de Castro, which has been up on side issues numerous times in the courts, came up for trial before Justice Ingraham and a jury in the Supreme Court yesterday. Mr. Stokes wants \$75,000 which he alleges is due on a contract made with him by II. Chonte, ex-Judge Esek Cowen and Samuel Unter meyer appeared for the plaintiff, and ex-Judge William G. Choate, Joseph Larcequire and Charles E. Lydecker for the defendants. Mr. Stokes alleges that on December 26, 1888, Mackay agreed to give Stoke nents against the United Lines Telegraph Company, Lehigh Valley Telegraph companies, and contracts with Martin, for the purchase of additional stock in

Castro admits putting Mr. Mackay's name to the con-tract, but says it was a sort of accommodation paper and Mackay for investment \$1,233,358. before delivering the securities De Castro should sign the agreement, which he represented to be only a

Mr. Stokes was a witness in his own behalf most of the day, and a number of Mr. Mackay's letters to him introduced.

At one time when Stokes kept trying to get Mackay to put more money in the Postal Telegraph Company he wrote "No business in a success which is not innoted success." Then he asked stokes if the company could pay 10 per cent on \$10,000,000 and close with: "Chew on this until I see you in New York.

The case will be continued to day.

THE HORNER ANTI-LOTTERY CASE. ARGUED IN THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

tery law came up for argument to-day in the United States Supreme Court on the appeal of Edward II. the United States Marshal, John W. Jacobus. Horner was indicted for violation of the Auth Lettery act on a charge of mailing to persons in Lilnois effeulars giving a list of prizes awarded at the drawing of bonds of the city of Antwerp and also certain honds of the Austrian Government. The time of payment of the bonds depended upon the drawings. It was alleged that the consciences were violations of the lottery act. It sought was a long to the lottery act. section of the Anti-Lottery not making offences against it triable in the place to which the mail matter is sent, as well as in the place of deposit of the mail. The present appeals of Herner involve the constitutionality of this feature of the law. Counsel for Horner also contend that the offences alleged do not constitute a violation of the Anti-Lottery act, and that the scheme are not properly termed lotteries. Alfred Taylor another case, as counsel for Horner. Solicitor-General

Taft represented the Government in both cases. The following business was also transacted The following business was also transacted:
No. 178—Maria Coplay Ludeling, legatee and executrix, etc., plaintiff in error, agt. John Chaffee et al.
Leave granted to file additional briefs.
No. 160—Lewis F. Brooke, appellant, agt. D. A.
Penick, trustee, et al. Dismissed, with costs.
No. 1.454—The United States, plaintiff in error, agt.
George Sanger et al. Argument continued.
Adjourned until to-morrow at 12 o'clock,
The day call will be as follows: Nos. 1.473, 1.418,
1.458, 156, 157, 158, 159 (and 643), 161, 162 and 163.

THE BONDS WERE HYPOTHECATED BY FIELD A suit growing out of the transactions of Field, Lindley, Wiechers & Co. was begun in the United States Circuit Court yesterday. It is brought by the Union Pacific Railroad Company against the firm of I & S. Wormer, the bankers, and is filed to recover \$221. 858 25, the value of 277 bonds trhypothecated by the bankrupt brokers. On or before November 30, the complaint says, the Wormsers were in possession of the securities, which consisted of 140 of the consolidated 5 Gulf Railroad Company, 130 of the consolidated 5 per cent bonds of the Oregon Short Line and Utah N ern, and seven of the consolidated 5 per cent bonds of the par value of \$1,000. The plaintiff made a formal demand for the bonds, but received a refusal. On December 28 and 20, it is alleged, the defendants di

posed of the bonds for #221.85s 25, and kept the money posed of the bonds for #221.85s 25, and kept the money for their own use. It is alleged that the Wormsers did not hold the honds rightfully. The bonds were pledged by the railroad company with Field, Lindley, Wischers & Co., who deposited them with the Wormsers on their general speculativa account, it is declared.

JOSEPH KAINZ MAY CONTINUE TO ACT.

Judge McAdam, in the Superior Court, yesterday handed down a decision refusing to grant the injune tion asked for by Gustav Amberg to restrain Joseph Kalnz from acting at any theatre except Amberg's Amberg brought Kainz to this country tract to play fifty nights, with the option of retaining him twenty-five night; more. After the first engage-ment Amberg did not exercise his privilege of re-

No Habitation.

There can be no habitation in the blood or body for poisonous microbes when Swift's Specific enters the system. It changes the character of the blood so that the germ must either perish or get out, and of course they leave S. S. S. also forces out the poison which the microbes have left behind. If there he a sore or ulcer the poison comes out through that, otherwise through the skin.

"Having suffered much from contagious blood poison, after using half a dozen bottles of Swift's Specific, I was restored to perfect health, and all cruptive sores disappeared. J. CROSBY BYRON, 208 Third Avenue, Pitts-

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga of burglary.

DISCOVERED AT LAST. STEINITZ NOW IN THE LEAD.

What La Grippe Really Is, Where It Originated, How It is Propagated and the Way by Which It Can Be Avoided.

It has, at last, been discovered and definitely settled It has at last, been discovered with first started.

It is an infectious low fever, and it originated in Asia to an infectious low fever, and it originated in Asia to the wet marshes around Boshara. Thence it was toen the wet marshes around Boshara. Thence it was toen to Russia by the traders who same from the crowded arars of the Asiatic capital. From Europe it came to

ened and run-down condition of the system, hence so people have it and others do not. Some have it seven and others midly, but in every case it is due, as all fevers are, to disocured and weakened kidneys and liver. No mak or womat whose Ridneys are in perfect or strong condition ever had the grippe, even with the worse exposure, and it one ever suffered with it whose kidneys and liver were not out of order. In writing on this subject, which is one of the most important how before the people. The New York Herald gives, in a recent issue, some good advice, it save all the sevention and see that their systems are based up and built up.

This is common-sense. But it is not always cray to do, one can easily say afform up the system, strengthen the kidneys and its empty of the system, strengthen the kidneys and its empty of strengthening and restoring and others mildly, but in every case it is du-

The foregoing facts are fully inflored by the most uniform physicians, both abread and in America. Drivinsay Webner, of the Royal Cours of termany. Britishay Webner, of the Royal Cours of termany. British Robert, of the Loyal Navy England; Dr. Anders Wilson, of the Royal Court of Edithourga, and most broad-animed and therefore hysteleans of America have unlesshatherly affirmed the aree.

contract by which Kainz agreed not to play in any theatre in America except Amberg's for the sensor 1801-702. Judge McAdam, in his opinion, says that it would be against public policy to restrain a man from working while not in the employ of any one else. Mr. Amberg, he says, had had all of the actor's services which he wanted or had paid for.

THE BEINGKERHOFF JURY DOES NOT AGREE The jury in the Brinckerhoff divorce suit, which has been occupying the attention of Judge ingraham in the supreme Court for the last week or ten days. sours, and so they went home. They were locked up at 1 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, and at 9 o'clock they had not agreed, so they were allowed to 50. One of the jurors said that a majority of the men were in favor of Mrs. Brincherhoff from the first to the

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Supreme Court-General Term-Before Van Bront, P. J.,
O'Breen and Lawrence, JJ. Nos. 72, 75, 80, 86, 190, 90,
107, 121, 122, 130, 124, 125, 126, 127.

Supreme Court-Chambers-Before Barrett, J.-Motono
calendar, called at 11 o'clock.
Supreme Court-Special Term-Part I.-Before Truax, J.
Nos. 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 311, 314, 316,
317, 318, 310, 320, 321, 122, 323, 324, 325, 329, 540, 550,
551, 552, 553, 554, 556, 1128, 1145, 320, 331, 334, 334,
334, 1155, 1156, 1157, 1158, 1159, 1102, 1103,
1104, 1195, 1196, 1137, 1158, 1159, 1102, 1103,
1104, 1195, 1106, 1137, 1158, 1159, 1102, 1103,
Supreme Court-Special Term-Part II.-No calendar,
Supreme tourt-Crust-Part III.-Before Ingraham, J.Supreme Court-Crust-Part II.-Before Beach, J.
Cases to be sent from Part III.
Supreme Court-Crust-Part II.-Before Beach, J.
Cases to be sent from Part III for trial.
Supreme Court-Crust-Part III.-Before Beach, J.
Cases to be sent from Part III for trial. COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Supreme Courts requisive that II-Refore Reach, Joses to be sent from Part III for trial.

Supreme Court-Circuit-Fart IV-Refore Andrews, Joseph Court-Circuit-Fart IV-Refore Andrews, Joseph Court-Refore Ranson, S.-Will of Schutter and I. O. Suprementation of Schutter and I. O. Suprementation of Schutter and III of Suprementation of the Court Schutter, Sand Dalton, Jersen and Wilsiehe C. August Schutter, Sand Dalton, Jersen and Wilsiehe C. August Schutter, Sand Dalton, Jersen and J. Spiro, Timothy Dinan Courts, Francis of Louising Francisco (Court of Court of Courts).

377 Ano 522 321 328 331 186 or Schrwick, C. J. Superior Court. Equaty Term. Hefore Schrwick, C. J. 185 186 688 225 225 226 237 247 247 248 170 180 superior Court Trail 120 Part 1 B fore Gibberguery, Nos. 223, 1010, 1105, 103, 103, 120, 131, 112, 1670 uperior Court Trial Term Part II Before Freedman No. 714, 783, 1121, 201, 1005, 2446, 2012, 389, 1112, uperior Court Trial Term Part III Before McAdam Nos. 1282, 231.

Nos. 1282, 231.

Journal Pleas, General Term. Before Bookstaver, P. J.

and Pryor, J.J. Nov. 28, 15, 10, 53, 24 on Pieas-Special Term-Before Daly, C. J.on Piens-Equity Term—Adjourned for the term on Piens—Trial Term—Fart I. Before discrete, it 1958, 882 1160, 1128, 39 144 1138, 887 1 14, 710, 1041, 073, 1041, 502, 619, 1289, 1581, 157, 1602, 1222, 1319, 1681, 1681, 1681, 272, 1676 man Pleas-Trial Term-Parts II and III-Adjourned

Court of there may Seatons Part I Refore Fitzensid, J and Assistant District-Attorney McIntyre-New I to its Inchesion

NOW THE STANDARD RETIRES.

ANOTHER SMALL INSURANCE COMPANY GIVE UP THE UNEQUAL FIGHT.

The Standard Fire Insurance Company of New York solvent, has decided to retire from business, reinsur will seeme its business is not yet known, all the details of the transaction not yet having been completed, but It is said that one of New York's largest corporations i interested in the deal. All the details will be completed by next Wednesday, and will be made publis

Last Tuesday the board of directors of the company came to the conclusion that if was Inexpedient to do clare a dividend, and that, in view of the insufficience of rates and the difficulty in competing successfully with only a small capital, it was advisable for the company to discontinue business. The retirement of the Stand fact that small companies cannot compete with th large concerns. All the small companies, they say will be forced out of business in time, and there is mucabsorbed.

been engaged in active business since that time. During the time it has been in business it has received in preminus \$5,220,474, has paid losses to policy holder amounting to \$1,909,177, and has returned to stock holders in eash over three times its capital, and as average annual dividend of nearly 10 per cent. The net surplus, inclusive of the special reserve fund o \$78,000, was on January I \$82,028, but, as the appear eserve fund could not be drawn upon for div none could be declared, and the retirement followed.
William M. St. John, the proportion none could be declared, and the retirement followed.

William M. St. John, the president of the retiring company, is one of the oldest insurance men in New York, having been in the business since 1852. When seen by a Tribine reporter yesterialy he said: "I have been empowered to execute a contract of reinsurance. We do not know exactly yet where we shall insure. The company is not insolvent. In the statement issued at the beginning of the year it is shown that our cash capital was \$200,000; our reserve for losses reported and other claims, \$12,735; our surplus, inclusive of the \$73,000 special reserve fund, is over \$82,000, and our total assets \$334,113, so it is plain to be seen that the company is all right. The traff of the matter is that we believed the outlook for small companies was ourfavorable that it was for the best interests of the stockholders to reinsure. This action was not brought about by any discontented stockholders, for there are not any."

DESPERATE STRUGGLE WITH A BURGLAR. Louis Cohen keeps a fewelry store at No. 25 Essex-st., and lives in the rear of the store with his wife and children. At 3 o'clock yesterday morning the wife aroused her husband and said that she heard foot steps in the store. The husband arose, and as h entered the store room he wa struck on the head with club. The blow felled him to the floor. The jeweller managed to get the club from the intruder' and after a desperate struggle.

Then a hand-to-hand battle took place, fought for some time, and at last the jeweller, who was the more powerful of the two, succeeded in throwing his antagonist, whom he found to be an old man. The wife had gone in search of a policeman, and returned with Officer Hinkeldny, of the Eleventh Pro-The man was arrested. He described himself as Jacob Hamberger, aged fifty, without a home. At the Essex Market Police Court yesterday Justice Kilbreth held him for trial in default of \$2,000 ball on a charge of burst.

HE WINS THE SIXTH GAME WITH TSCHI-GORIN.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE FOURTH GAME WITH NOTES BY STEINITZ.

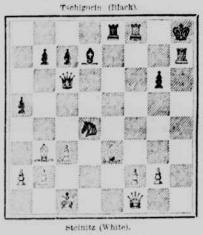
Havana, Jan. 13 (special).-The sixth game of the Steinitz Tschizorin match was played yesterday at the Centro Asturiano. The New-York master deviated from the course adopted in the previous games of this match by playing his Klog's Bishop to Queen's Bishop's fourth instead of to Queen's Knight's fifth. Tselfigorin at once replied with Knight to King's Bishop's third, turning the game into a two Knights' defence. Steinitz was in excellent form. After obtaining a slight advantage he pursued it mercilessly until he forced Tschiperin to resign on the forty-eighth move. Steinitz thus has obtained the lead, a thing of great importance a match. The score stands now; Steinitz, 2; Tschizorin, 1; drawn, 3. The seventh game will be played to morrow. THE FOURTH GAME.

Mr. Steinitz's description of the fourth game is as follows: The opening, a Ruy Lopez, followed the line of the second game up to Black's seventh move. Then canfe what may be considered a retreat of the attacking player by 8 . . . B-R 4. This indicated to experts the formation of a new plan. The object of the retreat was the preservation of the King's Rishop from exchange as explained in the notes. But it oc casioned to little surprise when, as early as the eleventh advance of the Rook's Pawn. When this play was discussed at the end of the game by some friends, who

cerly part of the game, but I espied a weakness on the into my mouth even in my old age, or I may bite."

The rush on that side proceeded until White had
made a breach in the King's Rook's file, which he meanwhile tried to effect a counter demonstration on the Queen's file, but the result of the exchanges that followed was that White's King's Bishop was strongly posted in a commanding position, pinning the adverse Knight, and Black's King's Pawn was involved and subject to immediate attack. White's eighteenth move was difficult to determine upon, for it blocked the attack against the King's Pawn, yet it was necessary. Two moves later White's Queen apparently beat a retreat to the front row from a masked battery which the opponent had planted with his Rook on the King's file. But the real object of this move became apparent when battle was offered by White on the Queen's file. and Steinitz, after sacrificing one Rook, was enabled by a happy inspiration to give up the other, and thus, owing to the previous retreat of the Queen on the second move, to effect a mate by force in seven moves with a series of checks

RUY LOPEZ. Black. 1-P-K 4 2-Q Kt-B 3 3-Kt-B 3 4-P-Q 3 5-P-K Kt 3 6-B-Kt 2 7-Castles. 8-Kt-O 2 8-B-R 4 (a) 9-Kt-K 3 (b) 11-P-K R 4 12-P-R 5 13-R P x P 14-P x P



(a) With the view of maintaining the Bishop events ally for a King's side attack, and in order to be able to day Q-K 2 without being hable to an exchange of this rong piece. If, for instance, 8 Q-K 2, 8 11-R 4, 9 K-Q 5; 10 P x Kt, 10 B x B; 11 P x P, 11 P x P: 12 Kt x P, 12 B-Kt 4, with a strong attack

(h) P-K R 4 was probably premature now, as Black ould answer P-K R B, tollowed by P-K Kt 4. in case White's R P advanced further. (c) If now 11 . . . P-K R 3 ; 12 P-R 5, 12 P-K Kt 4 13 Kt-B 5, followed soon by P-Q 4, with an excellent

at We believe E P x P, followed soon by R-K sq. making room for the King, was a better defence, (c) Much better than 18 B-Q 2, 18 P-Q R 4; 19 P-Q R 4, to Q-Kt 3, etc. The actual move is also a eparation for the coming attack with the Q P. to Black's game is very difficult to defend, but we think hat R B 2, followed by B-R sq., offered the best

chances of resistance.

13: More attaching than defensive, as will be seen.

14: No. B. 5. with the view of closing the adverse open.

Book the by Kt.-R 4, was now imperative.

14: If 21. Kt.-B 5. White could stop the advance of the hostile Q R P by P-Q R 4 before proceeding with (i) The Queen had no good move, and if 22... Kt x 1. 23 E x P ch., and mate follows in a few more

moves (a) This is disastrons, but there was hardly a satisfactory defence, as White threatened Q—Q 3, or eventually Q—Q sq., in easy tilled advanced P—K R 4. (b) A are surprise, which forces mate in seven moves. See diagram, (an) If the Kirp had retreated on the Rook file, White would have mated in two moves by B x R dis, ch.

FUNERAL OF MRS. D. A. LINDLEY.

The funeral of Mrs. Daniel A. Lindley, the eldest daughter of Cyrus W. Field, took place at her father's Lindley on the day his wife died arranged to have the funeral services held at Irvington, thinking that any musual noise at the Field home would disturb Mr. Field. But the old gentleman, when he learned that such an arrangement had been made, insisted that the services should take place in the house where his daughter died, and the Rev. Dr. Benjamin, pastor of the Episcopal Church at Irvington, which Mrs. Lindley

morning, and as he was most desirous of being present during the funeral service, his physician thought it would be better for the sick man to attend than to remain away. So he was propped up in pillowed chair and was brought down on the elevator to the parlor, where the funeral service was preached. The father appeared calm during the services, and the family does not think any harm will vices, and the family does for think any narm so, result from his coming down sturs. About 300 people attended the futeral. Among the number were Morris K. Josup, John T. Perry, General Swayne, W. Esloane, A. L. Barney, David Dudley Field, the Rev. Henry M. Field, Cyrus W. Field, jr., and the other members of the family.

The burist was in the family plot near Tarrytown.
Only the members of the family and a few intimate friends accompanied the body.

PAYING ADDEDUCT CONTRACTORS. It was resolved by the Aqueduct Commissioners yes

erday to make final payments to contractors whose accounts had been kept open awaiting the completion of their construction. This course was advised by Corporation Counsel Clark in a recent opinion. The Commissioners therefore requested Controller Myers to pay Brown, Howard & Co. \$85,707 95 due of 3, 4 and 5; O'Brien & Clark \$129,624 91 on Sec

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tions 6, 7, 8 and 9, and Heman Clark \$69,979 18 on Sections 10 and 11 B. Six sluice gates for the Sodom and Box Brook reservoirs were ordered from John Fox at \$1,680.

The second of the January conferences of the Prison Association was attended by a large number of people at No. 135 East Fifteenth-st. yesterday afternoon. Bishop Frederick D. Huntington, of Syracuse, who presided, made the opening address on the topic day, "The Discharged Criminal and What Shall We Do with Him!" Michael Dunn, at one time a notorious English thief, who served sentences at Van Dieman's Land, at Australia, at Gibralter and at Sing Sing, gave a short sketch of his early life and of his work in this and other cities in aid of discharged convicts. Heberd, Mrs. F. E. Nicholson, of Philadelphia; the Rev. Dr. Prime, George B. Buzelle, of Brooklyn; D. E. Kimball, the Rev. S. G. Law, chaplain of the Tombs; George H. Devine and John H. Finley also spoke.

It was announced by the secretary, William M. F. Round, that the subject of the next meeting, to be held on January 20, would be "A Woman's Refermatory and Do We Need It?" Mrs. C. R. Lowell will open the discussion with a paper on the subject and Miss Char-lotte Coffin will make an address. Several of the judges of the courts of this city are expected to be present.

LARGE RECEIPTS AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE. The daily receipts at the Custom House since Januars have been larger than for some months, the average beover \$500,000. On Tuesday of this week \$1.020,697 75 was paid in at the cashier's window, mostly for duties This is the largest amount for any single day since lass February. Collector Hendricks yesterday reinstated Charles E. Peeks as an assistant weigher at 84 a day. Sherman Williams was appointed an examiner in the Appraiser's department. He was formerly an inspector of customs

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